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## YOULGRAVE ALL-SAINTS C of E PRIMARY SCHOOL

### PRIVATE FOSTERING POLICY



Date agreed	Next review	Committee	Minute Number
01.02.2024	2027	Full Governors	

## **Introduction and Context**

Most children and young people spend some time away from their home staying with relatives and friends. In cases where children/young people may stay for longer period of time special procedures may apply.

Private Fostering is an arrangement made by a parent with a carer who has agreed to look after the child/young person on their behalf. They are not arranged by the local authority. In some circumstances the parents may not have agreed, or the circumstances of their living arrangements raises health, welfare and safety concerns for the child/young person.

Private Fostering arrangements can be a positive response from within the community to difficulties experienced by families. Privately fostered children remain a diverse and potentially vulnerable group.

Most of these children will return to a birth parent, some may have to go onto be accommodated by the local authority.

### **1 Definition**

A Privately Fostered child is a child under 16 (or 18 if Disabled) who is cared for by an adult who is not a parent, grandparent, aunt, uncle, step parent (including civil partnerships), sister or brother, and may be a family friend, or neighbour and where the child is to be cared for in that person's home for 28 days or more. The definition does not include a grandparent or great grandparent.

This arrangement does not have to be continuous; if a child/young person is staying with extended family members, who is not a parent, grandparent, aunt, uncle, stepparent (Including civil partnerships), or a family friend or neighbour for example, that adds up to 28 days or longer in any period of time this may then be seen as Private Fostering.

A child who is Looked After or placed in any residential home, hospital or school (where they are receiving full-time education) is excluded from the definition. In a Private Fostering arrangement, the parent retains Parental Responsibility.

Children under 16 who spend more than 2 weeks in residence during holiday time in a school, become Privately Fostered children for the purposes of the legislation during that holiday period.

## 1.1 Our responsibilities

Youlgrave All-Saints Primary School fully recognises its responsibilities regarding Private Fostering ensuring staff are fully aware on how to identify a child/young person and the circumstances around Private Fostering. This includes **a duty to report any possible arrangement to the local Authority** if it is believed the child/young person is possibly living in such an arrangement.

This policy should be read in conjunction with “How to Identify a Privately Fostered Child” Appendix A, found at the end of this policy and more local information/guidance can be found by following this link on the [Derbyshire.gov.uk](https://www.derbyshire.gov.uk) website;

Furthermore, we will follow the procedures as set out by the [Derbyshire Safeguarding Children’s Board, section 1.6.10](#):

And provide information to any parent/carers where it is believed the child is in a private fostering arrangement: [Schools Net](#)

## 1.2 Our duties

Under the Children Act, 1989, the Local Authority has a duty to make sure a Private Fostering arrangement that the child/young person is in provides for their needs and safeguards his/her welfare.

We will ensure all Staff, Governors and Volunteers in the school are aware of this duty.

If a member of Staff, Governor or Volunteer becomes aware that a child/young person may be living in a Private Foster arrangement it is the responsibility of that person to report the details to the School’s Safeguarding Designated Lead (SDL) who will then make further enquiries to try and establish the circumstances.

The Designated Safeguarding Lead should seek advice from Children’s Social Care as to whether the child/young person is in a Privately Fostered arrangement under the regulations. The Derbyshire Professionals Advice Line can be contacted on 01629 535353 if the child’s current residence/play of stay in this arrangement is in Derbyshire. If not, we will make contact with the relevant Local Authority Childrens Services contact and referral point.

If upon taking advice, it is confirmed this may be a Private Fostering arrangement in Derbyshire, a referral will be made by the Designated Safeguarding Lead into Call Derbyshire (Starting Point) using the recommended online contact/referral form. If there are immediate concerns for the child's welfare and safety, we will treat this as a Child Protection concern and contact Call Derbyshire (Starting Point) on 01629 533190.

Essential information for making a referral includes:-

- Full names and dates of birth for the child
- Address and daytime phone numbers for the current carer including mobiles
- Relationship to the child eg- neighbour, friend, extended family member (by definition of a Private Fostering arrangement)
- The child's address and phone number;
- Whereabouts of the child (and siblings);
- Child and family's ethnic origin;
- Child and family's main language;
- Actions taken and people contacted;
- Special needs of the child, including need for an accredited interpreter, accredited sign language interpreter or other language support;
- A clear indication of the family's knowledge of the referral and whether they have consented to the sharing of confidential information;
- The details of the person making the referral.

Additionally, the referrer should include:

- Address and daytime phone number of the parent/parental responsibility holder and any known previous addresses
- Address and phone numbers of any other family members linked to the child in this arrangement and particularly if under 16
- Any details of anyone else involved in making this arrangement

- Any known addresses of the child previous to this current arrangement
- Any other helpful information eg- a chronology to assist an understanding of why this child/young person is not living with the parental responsibility holder.
- Details of any concerns if relevant to making this referral

We understand that the Private Foster carer becomes responsible for providing the day to day care of the child in a way which will promote and safeguard his/her welfare.

Overarching responsibility for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of the Privately Fostered child remains with the parent or other person with parental responsibility.

Local Authorities do not formally approve or register Private Foster Carers. However, it is the duty of Local Authorities to satisfy themselves that the welfare of children who are, or will be, Privately Fostered within their area is being, or will be, satisfactorily safeguarded and promoted. It is the Local Authority in whose area the Privately Fostered child resides which has legal duties in respect of that child.

We will work together with the Local Authority to help safeguard and promote the child/young person's safety and welfare.

We will assist the Local Authority in their assessments and work as a partner to offer advice and support to the child and carers involved in the arrangement.

We acknowledge that the Local Authority on receipt of a referral have a duty to make further enquiries as to the arrangement. If it is defined to be Private Fostering arrangement the child/ren will require an assessment of their needs and welfare and this is undertaken by a social care practitioner.

The National Private Fostering Guidance encourages written agreements to be used by carers and parents around the care arrangements, medical consent and any financial arrangements to contribute to the care of the child/young person. Some parents are not able to contribute financially or decline to offer payments. This specific guidance, however, cannot be enforced by Local Authorities.

## **2 Safeguarding Roles and Responsibilities**

**All Staff (anyone who has contact with a child or young person) including, Volunteers and Governors have responsibility for the following:**

- To ask parents/carers questions about their relationship with any pupil if the relationship is unclear, confusing or concerning.
- To follow up any discussion with any pupil about their living arrangement when it is unclear, confusing or concerning.
- We as a school will commit to reviewing, and on a regular basis, our emergency contacts and details of who has parental responsibility on our school records. We will pursue any anomalies with that parent or carer and may then ask questions of any pupil about the nature of their relationship to that adult.
- We will have robust consent/trips/outings letters which clearly define the child's relationship to the adult giving consent and identify their status to that pupil including any legal order.

If a child or young person is living in a Private Fostering arrangement:

- To work with, monitor & report to the Local Authority ensuring the child/young person's needs, safety & welfare are being met whilst in a Private Fostering arrangement.
- To assist with advising and supporting the carer(s) to undertake their duties whilst the child/young person is living with them in a Privately Fostered arrangement.

### 3 Training

The Designated Safeguarding Lead/s will endeavour to read and cascade information on Private Fostering to school staff on a regular basis and as part of annual training/updates.

Having a knowledge of the [National Private Fostering Guidance](#) is encouraged in this school and the Designated Safeguarding Lead may refer to this and use it to help raise awareness in this school:

There is a Children in Care and Private Fostering Webinar available through Derbyshire's Learning Pool. It is encouraged that the Designated Leads undertake this training to enhance their knowledge and understanding. This is available through creating an online learning pool account, and this is available to social care practitioners and schools as a partner agency:

[Derbyshire Learning Pool](#).

If you have any issues logging into the Learning Pool, please contact the Safeguarding Training Team; email: [safeguarding.training@derbyshire.gov.uk](mailto:safeguarding.training@derbyshire.gov.uk)

#### **4 Management of the Policy**

The DSL/s will ensure they are familiar with this policy regularly updating all Staff, Governors and Volunteers regarding the legal requirements, and duties.

The Head Teacher will ensure that Private Fostering awareness forms part of Staff Safeguarding Induction and is included in the annual Safeguarding Training for teaching and non-teaching staff

The Head Teacher/Principal will report on any private fostering arrangement in their school and any issues or impact on the school in relation to Private Fostering to the Governing body.

The Governing Body will oversee the policy; ensuring its implementation and reviewing its content on an annual basis in line with the S175 School Safeguarding Audit.

**Signed by:**

**Signed By:**

Head Teacher/Principal

Chair of Governors

Date:



## Appendix A

The Law says:

- Parents must inform the Local Authority in writing, six weeks before a Private Fostering arrangement is due to start and 48 hours after it has begun.

School and Agency duties eg- School, and Health:

- Refer any possible Private Fostering arrangement into the Local Authority;
- Be aware of any possibility of trafficking;
- Clarify whether there is a genuine link to the carer and child.

The Local Authority must:

- Carry out written assessments, visits, and reviews, similar to that of a Looked After Child;
- Contact and inform the parents if there are concerns regarding the Private Fostering arrangement; both before, and at any time during the arrangement.

Additional Information for parents

[Private fostering - Derbyshire County Council](#)

# PRIVATE FOSTERING

## Definition

- The child is not considered 'looked after' (i.e. is not a child in care).
- This is an arrangement to care for a child made between a parent/person with parental responsibility, with another adult.
- Currently the regulations only apply to young people up to 16 years old (18 if disabled).
- There are statutory requirements for Local Authorities (Children Acts 1989, 2004; Private Fostering Arrangements 2005).

## Notifications

A parent should notify the LA in writing;

- 6 weeks before the arrangement is due to start,
- 48 hours after the arrangement has commenced,

***Any professional who becomes aware of a private fostering arrangement should inform Call Derbyshire***

## It constitutes private fostering if:

- The adult is not a close relative (close relative is defined as sibling, aunt, uncle, grandparent and step parent).
- The child has left home and has moved in with someone that the PR holder is happy for them to live with.
- The child is unaccompanied, under 16, seeking asylum and intends to live with someone within their extended family and friend network.
- The arrangement is expected to last continuously for over 28 days.
- The child is from another country and staying with a host family for 28 days or more.

## It does not constitute private fostering if:

- The adult is a close relative.
- The arrangement lasts less than 28 days.

## The role of the Local Authority:

- The statutory requirements are clearly set out in the private fostering regulations. Once notified of a private fostering arrangement, begin the process. Duties include; a written assessment and a visiting and review pattern in line with those of 'looked after' children. Guidance and process is on MOSAIC including the recording of visits.
- To explore the possibility that the child is being trafficked. Establish that there is a genuine link between the child and the carers.
- To inform the parents if there are concerns about the arrangement proceeding or commencing.